# **Material Safety Data Sheet**



Date of issue 27 May 2013

Version 4

### 1. Product and company identification

Product name : PR 1422 A 2 Part A

Code : PR 1422 A 2 Part A

**Supplier** : PPG Aerospace PRC-DeSoto

12780 San Fernando Road

Sylmar, CA 91342 Phone: 818 362 6711

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)

### 2. Hazards identification

**Emergency overview** 

: WARNING!

HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC RESPIRATORY AND SKIN REACTION. SANDING AND GRINDING DUSTS MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE

CANCER.

Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

: Harmful if inhaled. Irritating to respiratory system. Can irritate eyes, nose, mouth and throat. May cause sensitization by inhalation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

**Ingestion** : Harmful or fatal if swallowed.

**Skin**: Severely irritating to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eyes : Irritating to eyes.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. NTP, IARC, and OSHA have classified chromium (+6) compounds as carcinogenic. OSHA considers all Cr+6 compounds as potential occupational carcinogens capable of causing lung cancer above the recommended exposure limits.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : Pre-existing respiratory and skin disorders and disorders involving any other target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) and the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Page: 1/8

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## 7. Handling and storage

#### **Handling**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### **Storage**

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Name	Result	ACGIH	OSHA	Ontario	Mexico	IPEL
N-dimethylacetamide	TWA	10 ppm S	10 ppm S	10 ppm S	10 ppm S	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Not established	15 ppm S	Not established
calcium dichromate	TWA	0.05 mg/m³ (measured as Cr) 0.05 MG/M3 TD	0.005 mg/m³ (as Cr) 5 mg/m3	0.05 mg/m³ (as Cr)	0.05 mg/m³	0.005 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL	Not established	1 mg/10m³ () Z C	Not established	Not established	Not established
Kaolin	TWA	2 mg/m³ R	5 mg/m³ R 15 mg/m³ TD	2 mg/m³ R	10 mg/m³	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Not established	20 mg/m³	Not established
carbon black respirable	TWA	3 mg/m³	3.5 mg/m³	3.5 mg/m³	3.5 mg/m³	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Not established	7 mg/m³	Not established

Key to abbreviations

Page: 3/8

#### **Exposure controls/personal protection** 8.

Α	= Acceptable Maximum Peak	S	<ul> <li>Potential skin absorption</li> </ul>
<b>ACGIH</b>	<ul> <li>American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.</li> </ul>	SR	<ul> <li>Respiratory sensitization</li> </ul>
С	= Ceiling Limit	SS	= Skin sensitization
F	= Fume	STEL	= Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL	= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TD	= Total dust
OSHA	= Occupational Safety and Health Administration.	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable	TWA	= Time Weighted Average
Z	= OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances		

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

#### **Recommended monitoring** procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Engineering measures**

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Personal protection**

: Safety glasses with side shields.

**Eyes Hands** 

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### Gloves Respiratory

nitrile, neoprene

By spraying: air-fed respirator. By other operations than spraying, in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## Physical and chemical properties

**Physical state** : Liquid.

Flash point Closed cup: Not applicable.

**Material supports** combustion.

: Yes.

Color : Black.

Odor : Not available. : Not available. pН

**Boiling/condensation point** : 100 to 166.11°C (212 to 331°F)

**Melting/freezing point** : Not available.

**Specific gravity** : 1.39

United States - Canada - Mexico

Page: 4/8

Date of issue 27 May 2013 Version 4

Product code PR 1422 A 2 Part A
Product name PR 1422 A 2 Part A

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Density (lbs / gal) : 11.6

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.
Evaporation rate : Not available.
VOC : Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Materials to avoid : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:,acids,oxidizing materials,strong

alkalis

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 11. Toxicological information

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
N-dimethylacetamide	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2240 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	2475 ppm	1 hours
Kaolin	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
carbon black respirable	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Chronic toxicity

: Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Target organs** 

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: kidneys, brain, eyes. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, the reproductive system, liver, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), stomach.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity : Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and

level of exposure.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
N-dimethylacetamide	A4	-	-	-
calcium dichromate	A1	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.	+
Kaolin	A4	-	-	-
carbon black respirable	A3	2B	-	-

Carcinogen Classification code: ACGIH: A1, A2, A3, A4, A5

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Proven, Possible

OSHA: +

Not listed or regulated as a carcinogen: -

#### **Teratogenicity**

United States - Canada - Mexico Page: 5/8



Date of issue 27 May 2013

Product code PR 1422 A 2 Part A Product name PR 1422 A 2 Part A Version 4

# 11. Toxicological information

**Teratogenicity** 

: Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data.

### 12. Ecological information

**Environmental effects** 

: Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### 14. Transport information

Regulation	<b>UN</b> number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Additional information
UN	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (calcium dichromate)	9	III	-
IMDG	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (calcium dichromate). Marine pollutant (calcium dichromate)	9	III	-
DOT	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (calcium dichromate)	9	III	Reportable quantity 3.9945 lbs / 1.8135 kg [0. 041299 gal / 0.15633 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

PG\* : Packing group

Reportable quantity RQ: CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: calcium dichromate: 1 lb. (0.454 kg);

## 15. Regulatory information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined. Australia inventory (AICS) : Not determined. Canada inventory ( DSL ) : Not determined. China inventory (IECSC) : Not determined.

Europe inventory ( REACH ) : Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this

material.

Japan inventory (ENCS) : Not determined.

> Page: 6/8 United States - Canada - Mexico



Product code PR 1422 A 2 Part A Date of issue 27 May 2013 Version 4

Product name PR 1422 A 2 Part A

### 15. Regulatory information

Korea inventory (KECI) : Not determined.

New Zealand ( NZIoC ) : Substance Use Restricted

Philippines inventory (PICCS) : Not determined.

**United States** 

SARA 302/304: No products were found.

CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: calcium dichromate: 1 lb. (0.454 kg);

SARA 311/312 SDS Distribution - Chemical Inventory - Hazard Identification:

Chemical name	<u>CAS #</u>	<u>Acute</u>	<b>Chronic</b>	<u>Fire</u>	<b>Reactive</b>	<b>Pressure</b>
N,N-dimethylacetamide	127-19-5	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	N
calcium dichromate	14307-33-6	Υ	Υ	N	N	Ν
Kaolin	1332-58-7	Υ	N	N	N	N
carbon black respirable	1333-86-4	N	Υ	N	N	Ν
	Product as-supplied:	Υ	Υ	N	N	N

SARA 313 Chemical name CAS number Concentration

Supplier notificationcalcium dichromate14307-33-610 - 30

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic). Class D-2A:

Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other

toxic effects (Toxic).

**Mexico** 

Classification

Flammability: 0 Health: 3 Reactivity: 0

### 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 \* Flammability: 0 Physical hazards: 0

(\*) - Chronic

effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 Flammability: 0 Instability: 0

Date of previous issue : 6/18/2012.

Organization that prepared : EHS

the MSDS

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Disclaimer** 

Page: 7/8

Product code PR 1422 A 2 Part A

Date of issue 27 May 2013

Version 4

Product name PR 1422 A 2 Part A

### 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Page: 8/8

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**



Date of issue 4 July 2013

Version 5

### 1. Product and company identification

Product name : PR 1422 A 2 Part B
Code : PR 1422 A 2 Part B

**Supplier** : PPG Aerospace PRC-DeSoto

12780 San Fernando Road

Sylmar, CA 91342 Phone: 818 362 6711

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)

### 2. Hazards identification

#### **Emergency overview**

: DANGER!

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT AND EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED OR SWALLOWED. SANDING AND GRINDING DUSTS MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. ASPIRATION HAZARD. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

Keep away from flames, such as a pilot light, and any object that sparks, such as an electric motor. Keep away from heat. Do not smoke. Do not swallow. Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

: May be harmful if inhaled. Irritating to respiratory system. Can irritate eyes, nose, mouth and throat.

Ingestion

: May be harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage.

: May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Skin Eyes

: Irritating to eyes.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. **1-component mixtures:** formaldehyde is released during curing. Formaldehyde may cause irreversible effects, is irritating to the mucous membranes and may cause skin sensitization.

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure

: Pre-existing skin disorders and disorders involving any other target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) and the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). See toxicological information (Section 11)

Page: 1/8

Product code PR 1422 A 2 Part B

Date of issue 4 July 2013

Version 5

Product name PR 1422 A 2 Part B

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
€alcium carbonate	471-34-1	10 - 30
butanone	78-93-3	5 - 10
toluene	108-88-3	1 - 5
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	25068-38-6	1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Material Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

**Eye contact**: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running

water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

attention.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

trained personner.

**Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Notes to physician : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the

container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

oditable : Ose try chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (109) or loar

Not suitable : Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Hazardous combustion : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Formaldehyde.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Page: 2/8

#### 6. Accidental release measures

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

#### **Small spill**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Handling and storage

#### **Handling**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### **Storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### 8. **Exposure controls/personal protection**

Name	Result	ACGIH	OSHA	Ontario	Mexico	IPEL
€alcium carbonate	TWA	10 MG/M3 TD 3 MG/M3 R	5 mg/m³ R 15 mg/m³ TD 5 mg/m3 R 15 mg/m3	Not established	Not established	Not established
butanone	TWA	200 ppm	200 ppm	200 ppm	200 ppm	Not established
	STEL	300 ppm	Not established	300 ppm	300 ppm	Not established
toluene	TWA	20 ppm	200 ppm Z	20 ppm	50 ppm S	Not established
	STEL	Not established	500 ppm Z A 300 ppm Z C		Not established	Not established

United States - Canada - Mexico

Page: 3/8

#### Key to abbreviations

A = Acceptable Maximum Peak
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

C = Ceiling Limit
F = Fume

IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
R = Respirable

Z = OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

S

SR

SS

STEL

TD

TI V

TWA

= Potential skin absorption

= Respiratory sensitization

= Short term Exposure limit values

Skin sensitization

= Threshold Limit Value

= Time Weighted Average

= Total dust

#### **Engineering measures**

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Personal protection**

Eyes Hands

- : Safety glasses with side shields.
- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### Gloves Respiratory

- : butyl rubber
- : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

#### Skin

- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
  - When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Page: 4/8

Date of issue 4 July 2013

Version 5

Product code PR 1422 A 2 Part B
Product name PR 1422 A 2 Part B

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Yes.

Physical state : Liquid.

Flash point : Closed cup: 15°C (59°F)

**Explosion limits**: Lower: 1.3%

Material supports

combustion.

Color : Brown.

Odor : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Specific gravity : 1.36

Density ( lbs / gal ) : 11.35
Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.
Evaporation rate : Not available.
VOC : Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:,acids,oxidizing materials,strong

alkalis

ardous decomposition : Formaldehyde.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
butanone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	11243 ppm	4 hours
	Vapor			
toluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	49 g/m3	4 hours
reaction product: bisphenol-A-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary
Chronic toxicity

: Not available.

Official toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Defatting irritant** 

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Date of issue 4 July 2013

Version 5

Product code PR 1422 A 2 Part B Product name PR 1422 A 2 Part B

### 11. Toxicological information

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the reproductive system, liver, heart, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Muene	A4	3	-	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

ACGIH: A1, A2, A3, A4, A5 IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Proven, Possible

OSHA: +

Not listed or regulated as a carcinogen: -

**Developmental effects** 

: Contains material which may cause developmental abnormalities, based on animal

data.

**Fertility effects** 

: Contains material which may impair female fertility, based on animal data.

### 12. Ecological information

**Environmental effects Aquatic ecotoxicity** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
butanone	Acute LC50 3220000 to 3320000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >400 ppm Marine water	Fish - Sheepshead minnow - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >520000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 400 ppm Marine water	Fish - Sheepshead minnow - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC <70000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
toluene	Acute LC50 5800 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 28000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours

## 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only